



Clients who are additional rate tax payers

Additional rate tax payers earning over £150,000 have their annual pension allowances reduced by £1 for every £2 extra income earned. For those earning over £210,000 it'll cap their annual allowance at £10,000.

This example explains how additional rate taxpayers could use a Venture Capital Trust (VCT) to complement existing pension and retirement planning strategies.

About this scenario

This tax-planning scenario is designed to help advisers develop appropriate planning strategies for their clients. Advisers should consider, among other things, the eligibility and timings of tax reclaims and tax liabilities depicted. They will also need to consider the impact of charges (including initial fees and ongoing fees, such as administration fees and annual management charges) relevant to the products represented and/or any specific product chosen. When clients choose to sell VCT shares, they are often sold at a small discount to the value of their underlying net asset value, so the impact of this should also be considered when assessing any specific products.

Nothing here should be viewed as advice. Any suitability decisions should be based on a comprehensive review of your client's objectives, needs and attitude towards risk. For more details, please see the relevant product literature.



Meet Stephen, an additional rate tax payer

Stephen is a solicitor who earns an income of £210,000 per year. This means £60,000 of his income is taxed at the additional rate of 45%. His annual pension contributions are now restricted to £10,000 per year, as he has reached the upper limit of the tapered annual allowance - introduced on 6 April 2016.

Stephen is concerned that he may not be able to continue earning at this level until retirement, and with new restrictions on his annual pension contributions, he has increasing concerns that he will not have enough money put aside for the retirement he wants.



A tax-planning solution from Octopus

Stephen talks to his financial adviser, who makes an assessment based on his risk profile, investment time horizon (of more than five years) and attitude towards smaller company investing. Given this, his adviser suggests investing in a VCT.

In the two decades since they were first introduced, VCTs have become increasingly popular with some investors, particularly those who already have personal pensions and Individual Savings Accounts (ISAs), and are comfortable with higher risk investments. VCTs are now considered as a valuable tax-efficient investment wrapper with the potential to provide an income.

With a VCT, Stephen can claim up to 30% income tax relief on up to £200,000 invested in any single tax year, provided he holds his VCT shares for at least five years. Stephen can also benefit from tax-free dividends and no capital gains tax to pay when he sells the shares.

An important reminder about key risks

VCTs are high risk and should be considered as long-term investments. The value of an investment, and any income from it, can fall or rise. Investors may not get back the full amount they invest.

Tax treatment depends on individual circumstances and can change in the future. Tax reliefs also depend on the VCT maintaining its qualifying status. Tax relief is available on investments of up to £200,000 per year.

VCT shares could fall or rise in value more than other shares listed on the main market of the London Stock Exchange. They may also be harder to sell. These products are not suitable for everyone.

The tax benefits of investing in VCTs

This diagram shows how an investor can take advantage of the tax benefits associated with investing in a VCT. It's worth pointing out that VCTs are high risk and inherently different to pensions and ISAs and shouldn't be compared on tax benefits alone. If an investor needs guaranteed income, cannot tolerate loss or is uncomfortable losing immediate access to their money, then a VCT is not likely to be suitable. Clearly everyone's circumstances are different and VCTs won't be suitable for all, but the attractive tax benefits mean that VCTs could be considered as part of a portfolio for some people, alongside their pensions and ISAs.

	ISA	Pension	VCT
Upfront income tax relief on initial investment	None	20–45%	30%
Annual personal limits	£20,000	£10,000–40,000	£200,000
Lifetime personal limits	None	£1 million	None
Minimum holding periods	N/A	No access until 55+ ¹	Five years
Ongoing tax benefits	Tax-free growth and dividends	25% tax free, rest is taxed	Tax-free growth and dividends

As well as delivering upfront tax relief on investments, having access to the money invested in a VCT after only five years can be attractive for those who may want to access it before they retire or for those who may want to re-invest the money in another VCT for additional upfront tax relief after the initial five years.

Note: For illustration purposes only. VCTs are likely to have a higher risk profile than either pensions or ISAs. When clients choose to sell VCT shares, they are often sold at a small discount to the value of their underlying net asset value, so the impact of this should also be considered when assessing any specific products. Please note, after selling shares in a VCT, it is not possible to claim tax relief on new shares bought in the same VCT within six months of the initial sale.

¹From 2028, the minimum age for pension withdrawals will increase to 57. Thereafter, the minimum pension age will always be ten years below the state pension age. Those under the age of 42 could therefore see the date at which they can access their pension pushed back further.



Octopus can help your clients

Octopus is the largest provider of Venture Capital Trusts in the UK (source: The Association of Investment Companies, April 2017). For more information on our range of tax-planning solutions, call **0800 316 2067** or visit **octopusinvestments.com**.

Octopus – an investment company with a difference

When we launched Octopus in 2000, our ambition was to create a different type of financial services company. We wanted to be known for putting our customers first.

Today, Octopus is an investment company with more than 500 employees and more than £7.2 billion in funds under management (source: Octopus, June 2017). We work with tens of thousands of clients, and we've built market-leading positions in tax-efficient investment, smaller company financing, renewable energy and healthcare. But no matter how big we get, our aim is to keep doing the simple things well and to look after each of our customers, day in, day out.

Our products are not suitable for everyone. Any recommendation should be based on a holistic review of your client's financial situation, objectives and needs. We do not offer investment or tax advice, but we recommend investors seek professional advice. Before investing in a VCT, investors should read the product prospectus and Key Information Document (KID).

Why not look through some of our other tax-planning scenarios?



Clients who have sold a business in the last three years



Clients with Power of Attorney over someone's affairs



Clients looking to set up a trust



Clients looking to extract profits from a business tax-efficiently



Clients who want to reduce their income tax bill



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